## A-77

## X-ray Microdiffraction Studies of Phase Separation in Complex Oxides

J. D. Budai<sup>1</sup>, J. Z. Tischler<sup>1</sup>, W. J. Liu<sup>2</sup>, S.-W. Cheong<sup>3</sup>, T. Z. Ward<sup>1</sup>, and A. Tselev<sup>1</sup>

Structural inhomogenieties in complex oxides range from nanoscale composition or strain fluctuations to macroscopic phase-separated domains and can be strongly coupled with the electronic and magnetic properties. We are investigating phase separation and domain interactions in several complex oxide systems using polychromatic and monochromatic x-ray microdiffraction at APS sector 34-ID-E. Model systems with distinct, relatively large micron-scale phases have been studied as a first step towards understanding nanoscale systems. Directionally-solidified manganite crystals [e.g., EuYMnO and (LaSr)LuMnO] were found to consist of mesoscale lamellar domains with alternating pseudocubic perovskite and multiferroic hexagonal crystal structures. X-ray microdiffraction was used to study the domain orientations, morphologies and interfaces, and to map the local strain fields within the domains. In vanadium dioxide microcrystals, temperature-dependent measurements reveal coexisting monoclinic and tetragonal phases and strain variations near the metal-insulator transition. In all of these studies, the goal is to combine spatially resolved x-ray microdiffraction with other local probes to understand how domain interactions give rise to complex electronic and magnetic properties in strongly correlated oxides.

Research at the APS supported by the U.S. DOE, Office of Basic Energy Sciences, Division of Materials Sciences and Engineering.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN 37831

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, IL 60439

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Rutgers University, Piscataway, NJ 08854